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1917.45(g)(2)	1218–0196 1218–0196
1917.45(g)(3)(iii)	1218-0196
1917.45(g)(8)	1218-0196
1917.45(k)(1)	1218-0196
1917.45(k)(4)	1218-0196
1917.46(a)(1)(v)	1218-0196
1917.50(c)(1)	1218-0003
1917.50(c)(3)	1218-0003
1917.50(c)(4)(i)	1218-0003
1917.50(c)(5)(ii)	1218-0003
1917.50(c)(5)(iii)	1218-0003
1917.50(e) 1917.50(g)(1)	1218-0003
1917.50(g)(1)	1218-0003
1917.50(h)	1218-0003
1917.71(a)	1218-0196
1917.71(b)(2)(i)	1218-0196
1917.71(b)(2)(ii)	1218-0196
1917.71(b)(6)(ii)	1218-0196
1917.71(f)(4)	1218-0196
1917.111(b)	1218-0196
1917.113	1218-0196
1917.115(c)	1218-0196
1917.116(e)	1218-0196
1917.116(g)	1218-0196
1917.117(a)	1218-0196
1917.117(b)	1218-0196
1917.117(d)	1218-0196
1917.117(e)	1218-0196
1917.117(f)	1218-0196
1917.117(i)	1218-0196
1917.118(e)(4)(i)	1218-0196
1917.119(e)	1218-0196
1917.122(a)	1218-0196
1917.122(b)	1218-0196
1917.128(b)(1)–(b)(4)	1218-0196
1917.151(e)(5)	1218-0196
1917.152(d)(2)(v)	1218-0196
1917.152(d)(2)(v) 1917.152(d)(2)(vi)	1218-0196

[64 FR 61505, Nov. 12, 1999]

§ 1917.5 Compliance duties owed to each employee.

(a) Personal protective equipment. Standards in this part requiring the employer to provide personal protective equipment (PPE), including respirators and other types of PPE, because of hazards to employees impose a separate compliance duty with respect to each employee covered by the requirement. The employer must provide PPE to each employee required to use the PPE, and each failure to provide PPE to an employee may be considered a separate violation.

(b) Training. Standards in this part requiring training on hazards and related matters, such as standards requiring that employees receive training or that the employer train employees, provide training to employees, or institute or implement a training program, impose a separate compliance duty with respect to each employee

covered by the requirement. The employer must train each affected employee in the manner required by the standard, and each failure to train an employee may be considered a separate violation.

[73 FR 75587, Dec. 12, 2008]

Subpart B—Marine Terminal Operations

§1917.11 Housekeeping.

(a) Active work areas shall be kept free of equipment and materials not in use, and clear of debris, projecting nails, strapping and other sharp objects not necessary for the work in progress.

(b) Hatch beams, covers and pontoons placed in terminal working areas shall be stowed in stable piles with beams secured against tipping or falling. Alternatively, beams may be laid on their sides. When beams and pontoons are stowed in tiers more than one high, dunnage or other suitable material shall be used under and between tiers.

(c) Cargo and material shall not obstruct access to vessels, cranes, vehicles or buildings. Means of access and egress within buildings shall be similarly unobstructed.

(d) Dunnage, lumber, or shoring material in which there are visibly protruding nails shall be removed from the immediate work area or if left in the area, the nails shall be rendered harmless

 $[48\ FR\ 30909,\ July\ 5,\ 1983,\ as\ amended\ at\ 62\ FR\ 40196,\ July\ 25,\ 1997]$

§ 1917.12 Slippery conditions.

The employer shall eliminate, to the extent possible, conditions causing slippery working and walking surfaces in immediate work areas used by employees.

§1917.13 Slinging.

- (a) Drafts shall be safely slung before being hoisted. Loose dunnage or debris hanging or protruding from loads shall be removed.
- (b) Bales of cotton, wool, cork, wood pulp, gunny bags or similar articles shall be hoisted only by straps strong enough to support the weight of the bale. At least two hooks, each in a separate strap, shall be used.